

## Exercise sheet 3.

March 17th

Due March 24th in class.

*Exercise 9.* Let  $O^* \in \mathfrak{g}^*/G$ . Show that  $\mathcal{C}_c^\infty(\overline{O^*}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_c^\infty(\partial O^*)$  is surjective.

*Exercise 10.* The **wave-front set** of  $O \in \mathfrak{g}/G$  is defined to be

$$\{Y \in \mathfrak{g} \mid \exists t_i \in (F^\times)^2 \text{ and } X_i \in O \text{ such that } \lim t_i \rightarrow 0 \text{ and } \lim t_i X_i = Y\}.$$

The determination of wave-front sets, for example for  $\mathrm{SO}_V$  and  $\mathrm{Sp}_V$ , is an open problem. (The answer is known, but rather non-trivial, when  $F = \mathbb{R}$  and  $(F^\times)^2 = \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ .)

Suppose  $\mathbb{G} = \mathrm{GL}_n$ . Show that the wave-front set of any  $O \in \mathfrak{g}/G$  contains the closure of the nilpotent orbit  $\mathrm{Ad}(G)N \in \mathfrak{g}^{\mathrm{nil}}/G$  that appears in its rational canonical form of  $O$ . That is,  $N$  is the strictly lower triangular part of the rational canonical form, as in [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frobenius\\_normal\\_form#Example](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frobenius_normal_form#Example).

*Exercise 11.* (\*) Show that in Exercise 10, the wave-front set actually **is** the closure of the indicated orbit.

*Exercise 12.* (\*) Let  $p$  be any odd prime,  $\mathcal{C} = \mathbb{Q}$  and  $\mathbb{G} = \mathrm{SL}_2$  over  $F$ . The Lie algebra  $\mathfrak{sl}_2$  can be identified with its dual using  $\langle A, B \rangle = \mathrm{tr}(AB)$ . Let  $\mathfrak{g}(\mathcal{O}_F) = \mathfrak{sl}_2(\mathcal{O}_F) \subset \mathfrak{sl}_2(F)$  be those traceless  $2 \times 2$  matrices in  $\mathcal{O}_F$ . Let  $X^* := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \in (\mathfrak{g}^*)^{\mathrm{nil}}$  and  $O^* := \mathrm{Ad}^*(G)X^*$ . Show that

$$I_{O^*}(1_{\mathfrak{g}(\mathcal{O}_F)}) = \frac{q}{2}.$$

[CC: Keep in mind Remark 2.10.]